

VALDOSTA STATE UNIVERSITY

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STUDY TIPS

1. Take good notes during lecture. Then, as soon as you can after class, sit down and rewrite the notes in a logical outline. Use your book to fill in the gaps and clarify the places where the lecture did not make any sense. It also helps if you write your outline in complete sentences. Pretend we are writing an introductory biology text-book together. I am telling basically what should be in it, you are making it understandable for your peers.
2. Form small study groups and study together on a regular basis someplace without TV, stereo or other distractions.
3. Read the relevant sections of the textbook--someone spent a lot of time and energy writing the book and you spent a lot of cash buying it. As you read, think about how the material fits in with lecture. Add the material to your lecture outlines.
4. Answer the review questions at the ends of the chapters. Make sure you understand why the correct answer to the multiple choice questions is the correct answer and the other answers are not.
5. If you don't understand something in the text, ask your instructor for help.

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4. Students will express themselves clearly, logically and precisely in writing and in speaking, and they will demonstrate competence in reading and listening. They will display the ability to write coherently in standard English; to speak well; to read, to understand, and to interpret the content of written materials in various disciplines; and to listen effectively and to understand different modes of communication.

SCHEDULE OF LECTURES AND LABS
BIOLOGY 1107--FALL 2019

Note: This is a best-guess syllabus. Pacing and testing dates may be changed if the need arises. Attend class regularly to keep track of changes.

WEEK 1:		
8-20-19	Introduction to biological science	pp. 2-22
8-22-19	The methods of science; basic statistics	pp. 2-22
WEEK 2:		
8-27-19	Cellular basis of life; archaea and bacteria	pp. 81-88; 528-551

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