MATH 1112

Trigonometry (3 hrs.)

Mathematics Department

Valdosta State University

Course Description

A thorough study of the six trigonometric functions and their inverses, using both the unit circle and right triangles. Topics include analysis of graphs, solving triangles, trigonometric identities, solving trigonometric equations and operations with complex numbers.

Required materials

Textbook. Trigonometry: A Unit Circle Approach (*1 & dition) by Michael Sullivan Pearson Available online on Blazeview through the Day1 program.7 (h)-b-j-0 Student learning outcomes

After successfucompletion of the course, you will beable to:

- 1. Identify the major arc measures and angle measures around the unit circle.
- 2. Evaluate the six trigonometric functions according to the points on the unit circle.
- 3. Solve right triangles and their applications using right triangle idefins and inverse trigonometric functions.
- 4. Graph the trigonometric functions and identify the domain, range, period, amplitude and phase shifts.
- 5. Solve nonright triangles using Law of Sines and Cosines and inverse trigonometric functions.
- 6. Simplify expressions and verify identities using given trigonometric identities.
- 7. Solve problems, simplify expressions, prove identities using the sum, difference, double angle and half angle identities.
- 8. Solve conditional and multangle equations using algebra and equations.

AREA D:

Students will demonstrate understanding of the physical universe and the nature of scientific methods and/or mathematical reasoning and concepts to solve problems.

(Critical Thinking)

Students will identify, evaluate, and pay appropriate models, concepts, or principles to issues, and they will produce viable solutions or make relevant inferences.

Course outline:

Based on 23 sections, 3 days pueek

A.3 (Optional)	Factoringpolynomials; completing the square	
A.4 (Optional)	Solving equations	
2.1	Angles, arclength and circular motion	
2.2	Trigonometric functions: Unit circle approach	
^ ^	ric functions	8-9
	Graphs of the tangent, cotangent, cosecant, and secan	
2.5	functions	